Climate Change E&E Updates

Cllr John Gardner Portfolio Holder for Environment & Regeneration

- Biodiversity
- Trees
- Waste vehicles
- Recycling
- Planning Policy
- Regeneration



Biodiversity - background





Stevenage is just 2,598ha.

The total area of all green habitats within the Borough is 612.6 ha (23.57%).

Stevenage has 37 Local Wildlife Sites.

Biodiversity Action Plan 2017-2022 focusses on the most important sites, ie those sites that:

- have greatest biodiversity value
- at risk of being lost if no work undertaken.

97 actions for delivery to woodlands, grasslands, aged hedgerows, wetlands and neighbourhood nature.



Biodiversity Successes

- Partnership with Herts & Middlesex Wildlife Trust
- Positive community engagement
- The only district / borough in Herts with own BAP
- Biodiversity Net Gain
- Delivery of four new Community Orchards since 2020
- Additional Local Wildlife Sites as result of grassland management regime
- Demand for pollinator / wildlife friendly management practices
- Delivery through Green Space Volunteers
- Support external accreditation success





Challenges

- No dedicated resource to deliver / capacity to deliver
- Good practice vs public perception
- Biodiversity Net Gain



Trees















Background

- Around 30,000 trees (not including woodlands)
- Around 50% of the town's present tree population is made up of Norway Maple (Acer platanoides).
- Tree canopy cover in Stevenage, including woodlands, (in 2016) was 17%.
- Diminished tree stock levels.
- Even when planting a new tree to compensate for the felling of an older one, a significant loss is incurred.



Benefits

Environmental:	Health:
 Reduce the 'greenhouse' effect by taking up carbon dioxide from the air, using the carbon to build wood and releasing the oxygen. 	Most trees have a positive impact on the incidence of asthma, skin cancer and stress related illness.
 In urban areas, trees help to moderate the local climate: providing shade from sun in summer, shelter from rain, and reducing wind speeds. 	The urban tree-scape improves public health, promotes relaxation and emotional well-being, and can thereby help to reduce healthcare costs.
 By providing food and shelter for wildlife trees can help increase biodiversity and bring nature into the heart of our towns. 	 Desk workers who can see nature from their desks experience 23% less time off sick and reported greater job satisfaction.
Social:	Economic:
Can reinforce local character, distinctiveness and identity of an area, and provide a 'sense of place'.	Economic:Trees can increase property values by 7-15%
Can reinforce local character, distinctiveness and identity of an area, and	

Successes and Challenges

- Amenity Tree Management Policy
- Policy 21: All new developments will support new tree planting, either directly or through planning contributions, equivalent to a minimum 20% tree canopy cover at maturity.
- £30k funding bid to Urban Tree Challenge Fund
- Funding for replacement tree planting.
- Around 50% of the town's present tree population is Norway Maple (Acer platanoides).
- Legacy of historical tree planting
- Conflicting demands





Waste





- Alternate weekly collection service to 37,788 houses & flats
- Refuse and recycling collection delivered to 600+ Stevenage businesses
- Bulky waste and assessed collection services
- 16 bring bank sites
- Clinical waste collection service
- Own fleet of refuse vechiles
- New fleet including Euro 6 engines



Successes

- Stevenage Transfer Station included as part of the HCC disposal contract.
 - Saving over 83,000 miles p.a. being travelled
- 70% of all general waste to Energy from Waste
 - Generates enough to power 36,000 properties
- UK processing
 - Glass to Re-Melt
 - Fibre to Mill
 - Plastics via MRF to re-processing
- Volumes increased during pandemic though all services maintained
- Waste Policy agreed in 2020

Alternatives

- Fleet replacement programme
 - Next large scale replacement due 25/26
 - Demo's of smaller electric vehicles
 - Electric hand tools in use
- Considerations of alternate fuels for example Gas to Liquid
- Is the technology ready? Are we ready?
- £420k for equivalent refuse vehicle that costs £180k
- £62k for caged tipper versus current £23k
- Infrastructure requirements



Challenges / Opportunities

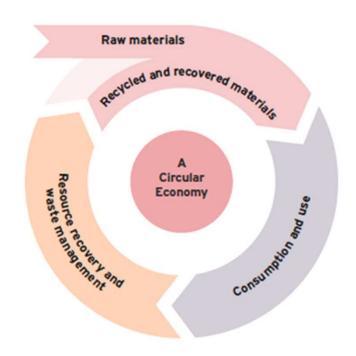
- Communal bin storage facilities to flat blocks
 - Recycling offering
 - Contamination
- Resources & Waste Strategy
 - Expected January 2022
 - Biggest change to the industry since the introduction of the Environmental Protection Act 1990



Resources & Waste Strategy

Consistency

- Proposals for collecting a core set of dry materials for recycling from households (including flats). All householders can expect the same materials to be collected for recycling
- Proposals for separate weekly food waste collections from households (including flats) from 2023 /24 supported by new burdens
- Free fortnightly garden waste collections
- Proposals on improving quality by source separating dry recycling materials in collections, especially paper and glass





Resources & Waste Strategy

Deposit Return Scheme

 DRS would see a deposit added to the price of drinks in in-scope drinks containers at the point of purchase, which would be redeemed when consumers return their empty drinks containers to designated return points.

Extended Producer Responsibility

- Proposes that funding to meet the costs of managing packaging wastes are transferred from central government and local taxpayers to businesses.
- 'Polluter pays' principle and extend producer responsibility for packaging, ensuring that producers pay the full costs of disposal for packaging they place on the market



Resources & Waste Strategy

What does this mean for SBC?

- Introduction of separate food waste collections
- Dedicated resource in place to manage programme for delivery
- Implementation i.e. planning, recruitment, communications
- Cost vehicles, labour, caddies
- Tipping / Processing (HCC)
- Responsibility for materials, Alternative Financial Model (AFM)?
- Change to collection methods?
- Opportunity for an increased recycling rate



Planning

- A Planning consideration for all major applications
- Station Gateway Area Action Plan zero carbon developments?
- Biodiversity Supplement Planning Documents (SPD) Net Gain £££
- EV, Sustainable Transport SPD approach
- Sustainable new neighbourhood, connected to town centre. New town principles.
- Revising sustainability policies in new 2023



Regeneration

- Zero carbon partners- MACE
- Zero gas SG1
- New low carbon Hub
- Local suppliers
- Investment in improving existing buildings in the town centre, North Block,
 North of Queensway

